## Geometry \& Vectors

## Exercises 5

1) Find the equation of the line through the point $(-2,-3)$ and parallel to the line $3 x-7 y+4=0$.
2) Find the distance of the point $(3,2)$ from the line $2 x+4 y-4=0$.
3) Find the distance between the lines $3 x+4 y-7=0$ and $3 x+4 y+3=0$.
4) Find the centre, foci, length of major and minor axis for the given ellipse

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { i) } 1=\frac{x^{2}}{9}+\frac{y^{2}}{4}, \\
& \text { ii) } 1=\frac{x^{2}}{4}+\frac{y^{2}}{9} \text {, } \\
& \text { iii) } 27=4 x^{2}+9 y^{2}-18 y \text {, } \\
& \text { iv) } 64=4(x-1)^{2}+y^{2} \text {, } \\
& \text { v) } 0=4 x^{2}+y^{2}-6 y+5 \text {. }
\end{aligned}
$$

5) Find the equation of the tangents to the ellipse with equation

$$
\frac{x^{2}}{25}+\frac{y^{2}}{9}=1
$$

which passes through the point $P(0,6)$.
6) Find the equation of the tangents to the hyperbola with equation

$$
x^{2}-4 y^{2}-5=0
$$

which passes through the point $P(15,10)$.
7) Find the equation of the tangents to the parabola with equation

$$
y^{2}-y-2 x+4=0
$$

which passes through the point $P(-5,2)$.
8) Determine which type of conic is described by the following equation and find the eccentricities

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { i) } & 0=5 x^{2}-6 x y+5 y^{2}-9 \\
\text { ii) } & 0 \\
\text { iii) } & 0
\end{aligned}=3 x^{2}-2 \sqrt{3} x y+270 x y+13 y^{2}+34, ~+2 x+2 \sqrt{3} y, ~ \$
$$

## Solutons exercises 5

1) $3 x-7 y-15=0$
2) $\sqrt{5}$
3) 2
4) 

i) $(0,0),( \pm \sqrt{5}, 0), 6,4$ ii) $(0,0),(0, \pm \sqrt{5}), 6,4$
iii) $(0,1),( \pm \sqrt{5}, 1), 6,4$ iv) $(1,0),(1, \pm 4 \sqrt{3}), 16,8$
$v)(0,3),(0,3 \pm \sqrt{3}), 4,2$.
5) $3 \sqrt{3} x+5 y-30=0$ and $3 \sqrt{3} x-5 y+30=0$
6) $3 x-4 y-5=0$ and $27 x-44 y+35=0$
7) $y-2=\frac{2}{11}(x+5)$ and $y-2=-\frac{2}{5}(x+5)$
8)
i) ellipse with $e=\sqrt{3} / 2$,
ii) hyperbola with $e=3 / \sqrt{7}$,
iii) parabola with $e=1$,

