

Other uses of loops

- So far we have only seen examples of loops being used in order to compute sums.
- However loops can be used in any programme that requires some operation to be carried out recursively.

Example: write down a programme that computes the n -fold composition of the function $f(x)=x(x-1)$.

What we want to compute is $f(f(f(f\dots(x)\dots)))$ (n times)

This can be easily done with a loop. We will write a UDF Depending on two variables x and n which computes this. One possible code would be...

Function nfold(n as Integer, x as Single) as Single

a = 1

Do Until a = n + 1

x = x*(x-1)

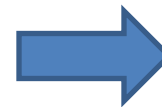
a = a + 1

Loop

nfold=x

End Function

=nfold(30,0.5)



0.122558...

- If we look at the structure of the loop in more detail we have:

$a = 1$

Do Until $a = n + 1$

$x = x * (x - 1)$

$a = a + 1$

Loop

$\text{nfold} = x$

- The variable “a” here is just a counter (it counts how many times we carry out the composition of the function).
- When we write “ $x=f(x)$ ” what we are saying is that the next time the loop is carried out the original variable “x” should be replaced by the new value “f(x)”.
- Once this process has been carried out n times, the program leaves the loop and finally assigns the last value of “x” to the value of the function we want to compute (nfold).