## MATHEMATICS: TERM 2 COURSEWORK 1

## TO BE HANDED IN TO CM520 BY 4:00PM ON MONDAY 13 MARCH 2006

- 1.  $\rho$  is a relation defined on the set M of  $2 \times 2$  matrices. A is a given  $2 \times 2$  matrix. For any two matrices  $X, Y \in M, X \rho Y$  if there is some real number k such that X Y = kA. Prove whether or not  $\rho$  is an equivalence relation.
- 2. M is the matrix given by

$$\mathsf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} a & 2 & 0\\ 1 & 2a & 1\\ -3 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- (i) Find the values of a for which M is singular.
- (ii) Find the inverse matrix of M when a = 1.
- 3. In lectures we derived the result

$$\cos^4\theta = \frac{1}{8}\cos 4\theta + \frac{1}{2}\cos 2\theta + \frac{3}{8}$$

using complex variable techniques. Derive using the same method an equivalent relation for  $\sin^5 \theta$ .

4. Use the method of differences to find the sum of the first n terms of the following series

$$S_n = 5 + 7x + 9x^2 + 11x^3 + \cdots$$

- 5. Solve the difference equations:
  - (i)  $u_{n+1} = 2u_n + 2 n$ ,  $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$  where  $u_0 = 1$
  - (ii)  $u_{n+2} = 3u_{n+1} + 4u_n$ , n = 0, 1, 2, ... where  $u_0 = 0$  and  $u_1 = 1$ .