## MATHEMATICS: TERM 2 QUESTIONS 6 DIFFERENCE EQUATIONS

- 1. Find the general solution to the following first order difference equations
  - (a)  $A_{n+1} + 3A_n = 0$  (b)  $A_{n+1} 2A_n = 3^n$
  - (c)  $A_{n+1} 2A_n = n+1$  (d)  $A_{n+1} A_n = n+1$
- 2. Find the solutions for question 1 if in each case  $A_1 = 1$ .
- 3. Find the general solution to the following second order difference equations
  - (a)  $A_{n+2} 4A_{n+1} + 3A_n = 0$  (b)  $A_{n+2} + 5A_{n+1} 6A_n = 3^n$
  - (c)  $A_{n+2} + 2A_{n+1} A_n = 0$  (d)  $A_{n+2} + 2A_{n+1} + 5A_n = 2$
  - (e)  $A_{n+2} + 2A_{n+1} + 3A_n = 0$  (f)  $A_{n+2} 2A_{n+1} + A_n = n+1$
- 4. Find the solutions to question 3 if  $A_1 = A_2 = 1$ .
- 5. Count the different sets of spirals in this picture of a sunflower:



Solutions

 $A_n = C + n/2 + n^2/2$ 

 $A_n = 3^n / 18 + B + C(-6)^n$ 

 $A_n = n^3/6 + B + Cn$ 

 $A_n = 3^n - 2^n$ 

 $A_n = n/2 + n^2/2$ 

1. (a) 
$$A_n = C(-3)^n$$
 (b)  $A_n = 3^n + C2^n$   
(c)  $A_n = -n - 2 + C2^n$  (d)  $A_n = C + n/2 + n^2/2$   
2. (a)  $A_n = (-3)^{n-1}$  (b)  $A_n = 3^n - 2^n$   
(c)  $A_n = -n - 2 + 2^n$  (d)  $A_n = n/2 + n^2/2$   
3. (a)  $A_n = B + C3^n$  (b)  $A_n = 3^n/18 + B + C(-6)^n$   
(c)  $A_n = B(-1 + \sqrt{2})^n + C(-1 - \sqrt{2})^n$  (d)  $A_n = 1/4 + B(-1 + 2i)^n + C(-1 - 2i)^n$   
(e)  $A_n = B(-1 + i\sqrt{2})^n + C(-1 - i\sqrt{2})^n$  (f)  $A_n = n^3/6 + B + Cn$   
4. (a)  $A_n = 1$ 

(a) 
$$A_n = 1$$
  
(b)  $A_n = 3^n/18 + 11/14 + (-6)^n/126$   
(c)  $A_n = \frac{3+\sqrt{2}}{2}(-1+\sqrt{2})^n + \frac{3-\sqrt{2}}{2}(-1-\sqrt{2})^n$   
(d)  $A_n = 1/4 + \frac{-9-3i}{40}(-1+2i)^n + \frac{-9+3i}{40}(-1-2i)^n$   
(e)  $A_n = -\frac{1}{2}(-1+i\sqrt{2})^n - \frac{1}{2}(-1-i\sqrt{2})^n$   
(f)  $A_n = n^3/6 + 2 - 7n/6$ 

5. The most obvious two sets have 21 and 34 spirals — Fibonacci numbers.